



Preventive measures for maintaining your floor

The underside of sliding objects that come into direct contact with your floor, such as table legs, chair legs, couches, etc., should be protected at all times. Attach special felt pads (which can be purchased from your floor specialist) to these objects. Clean the felt pads regularly to prevent dirt from remaining underneath and damaging your floor over time.

We recommend that you place doormats at all entrances. By doing so, you prevent sand, dirt, etc. from being carried in.

With regard to high heels, ensure that the floor does not come into contact with broken or worn high heels. The pressure of this type of heel is more than 2,000 kg per cm², and it will leave a mark on your floor with every step.

What NOT to do

- Never use maintenance products that are only intended for a lacquer finish, such as polish.
- Never use chemical cleaning products, such as ammonia, vinegar, turpentine, etc.
- Never use maintenance products intended for a wax finish. These products will accumulate and result in a slippery, scratched floor.
- Never drag heavy furniture or objects. This may result in deep scratches on your finish.
- Never use a hard brush to sweep your floor.
- Never use a metal dustpan to sweep up dust/dirt.

*Wasziederij
De Vesting develops
and manufactures high-
quality wood surface
treatment products such
as waxes, oils, stains,
lacquers, and outdoor
and maintenance
products.*

*Vesting products are
known for their excellent
wear resistance and
good water resistance.*

MAINTENANCE PRODUCTS

For wood floors treated with oil or (hard) wax oil

Daily maintenance

Please bear in mind that abrasive materials such as sand, dust and mud are the greatest threats to floors treated with oil or (hard) wax oil. Sand and mud get under rugs and the soles of shoes, causing quick abrasion of the finish.

The best protection against this is to vacuum your floor daily or every other day.

The vacuum cleaner must have a parquet brush and rubber wheels to avoid creating streaks or scratches on the floor. If you use a broom to sweep the floor, make sure that it has a soft brush.

Mop the floor with a slightly damp, lint-free cloth!

Cleaning after accidents

The general rule for spilling small amounts of liquid or food is to remove these with a light damp cloth/mop and then dry the floor with a dry cloth/mop. Moreover, spots that are walked on intensively may be cleaned in this way every day, if desired. By doing so, you can efficiently remove moisture and dirt.

If you need to clean up large amounts of liquid or dirt on the floor, the best way to do so is to use a damp cloth/mop with a small amount of detergent. Clean the spot and wipe it with a damp cloth. Never clean the entire floor this way. Detergent leaves an undesirable film layer on the floor, which gives the floor a dull appearance.

Allow the floor/spot to dry for 20 minutes before walking over it again.

INSTRUCTION SHEET FOR MAINTENANCE PRODUCTS

Maintenance



Vesting.

Wax & Clean

For periodic cleaning (weekly, every two weeks, monthly)

Use this method when you want to patch up the floor in the spots that are walked on.

The concentrated cleaning product Wax & Clean is used for this purpose. Add 200 - 300 ml of Wax & Clean to 10 litres of water. Read the full instructions on the package before use.

Instruction method 1

Fill a spray bottle with the mixture of Wax & Clean and Water. Take a dust mop (e.g. Swiffer) with a lint-free cloth. Spray the lint-free cloth until it feels slightly damp. In addition, spray part of the floor with the mixture. Be careful not to apply too much! Mop the floor evenly and avoid creating puddles. If a puddle does form, immediately clean it up with the mop. Repeat this process until the whole floor has been cleaned. Always use a clean mop.

Instruction method 2

Use a mop and make it slightly damp with the mixture. Mop the floor evenly and avoid creating puddles. If a puddle does form, immediately remove excess moisture. Allow the floor to dry for at least 20 minutes.

Maintenance Oil

For periodic maintenance of the top layer (every three months, half-yearly)

Depending on how your floor is used, we recommend applying a layer of Maintenance Oil to your floor 2 to 4 times a year. This nourishes the floor and maintains the top layer. Before applying the Maintenance Oil, clean the floor with the Intensive Cleaner first. Read the instructions on the label before applying Maintenance Oil!

(Rough) spots, superficial and deep scratches

When cleaning and maintaining your floor, shallow and deep scratches will become visible. The best way to remove some persistent spots is to use a slightly damp cloth with Intensive Cleaner. Do not scrub too forcefully, however, because this will leave a rough spot. Use Maintenance Oil to patch up the rough spot, if necessary.

It is advisable to immediately patch up a rough spot using Maintenance Oil. Apply this oil with a lint-free cloth and then allow it to dry for at least 6 hours.

Superficial scratches can be patched up by lightly polishing the scratch with a Scotch-Brite cleaning cloth and then applying Maintenance Oil. If the spot still looks rough after the application of the first layer of Maintenance Oil, apply a second layer. It is important to clean the spot where the scratch is located with Intensive Cleaner before polishing it! Naturally, you can always consult your floor specialist for additional advice.

In the event of deep scratches, contact your floor specialist to find out what to do. The knowledge of a specialist is required to patch up these scratches, because they have penetrated the top layer and possibly the colour coating.

Intensive Cleaner

For intensive cleaning (to be used before the floor is oiled with Maintenance Oil)

Add half a cup (75 cc) of Intensive Cleaner to approximately 10 litres of lukewarm water. Use a little more if the floor is very dirty. Clean the floor with a mop that is thoroughly wrung out. Regularly rinse the mop clean. Do not use in combination with other cleaning products!

Wax oil

For patching up deeper damage

This product is used to patch up damage that has penetrated the top layer. Consult your floor specialist before attempting to patch up the damage.